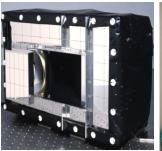
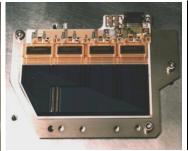
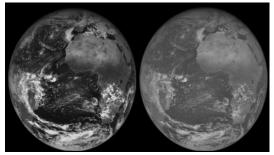


GERB Programme & Instrument status







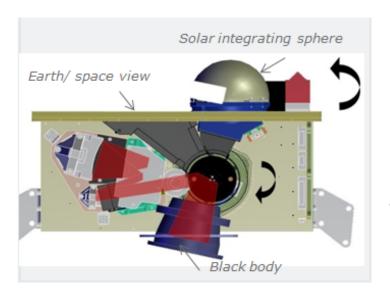


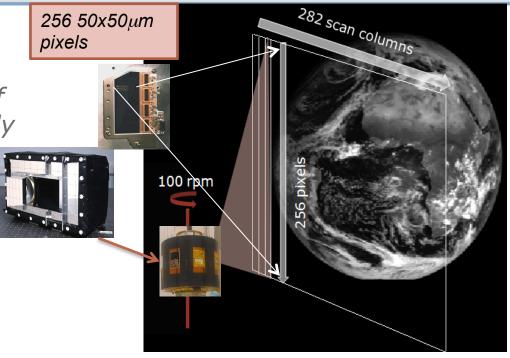


Jacqui Russell, (GERB project scientist) Imperial College

GERB Observations

METOSAT rotates 100 times per minute. Every rotation 256 GERB pixels obtain a 40ms snap-shot of an Earth column, and a black body view 0.3s later.

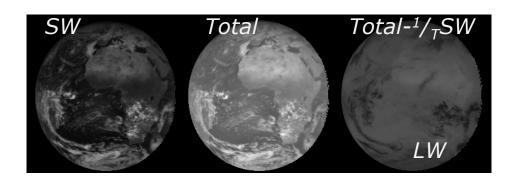




It takes 282 rotations (~3mins) to obtain one Earth scan including space data and black body views for calibration

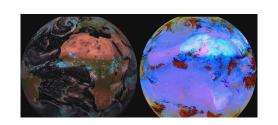
Instrument relies on accurate rotation information from the satellite sensors and tight control of the mirror rotation to obtain good pointing.

GERB Observations

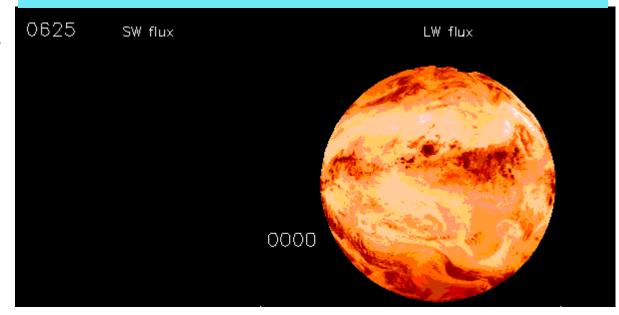


In \sim 6min GERB measures radiances for Earth disk in both SW (0.4-4 μ m) and TOTAL (0.4 - 100 μ m) broadband channels

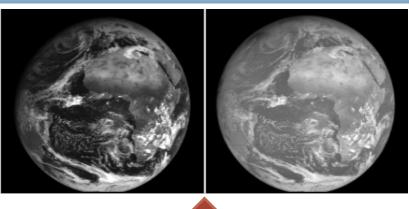
SEVIRI imager on METEOSAT provides geolocation, spectral info for unfiltering and cloud identification enabling fluxes to be calculated every 15 minutes



One day of GERB observations 15 minute resolution fluxes for 26th June 2004

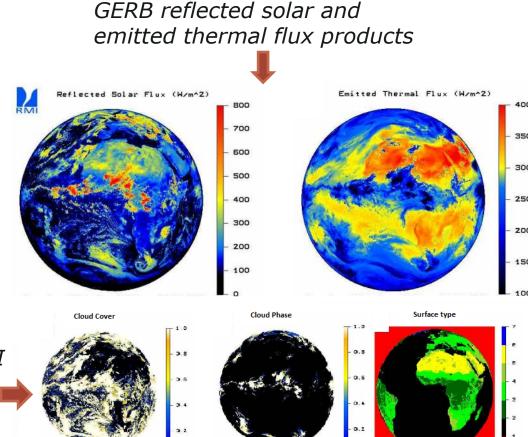


GERB data



GERB Broadband observations in SW 0.4 to $4\mu m$ and TOTAL 0.4 to $>100\mu m$ channels

Use scene information from SEVIRI and anisotropic factors based on CERES TRMM ADMs (SW) and theoretical regressions (LW)



Tuesday 29th May 2001 - 12h00 UTC

Data record available from early 2004; total mission (4 instruments) expected to extend to at least 2018

GERB data products

L1.5: Non Averaged Non Rectified Geolocated (NANRG) Ed 1

instantaneous filtered **radiances** (3 SW & 3 TOTAL scans ~17 mins), uncorrected for instrument spatial and spectral response, irregular grid at point of observtion ~ 50km resolution @ nadir available http://ggsps.rl.ac.uk quality summary available

L2.0: Averaged Rectified Geolocated (ARG) Ed 1

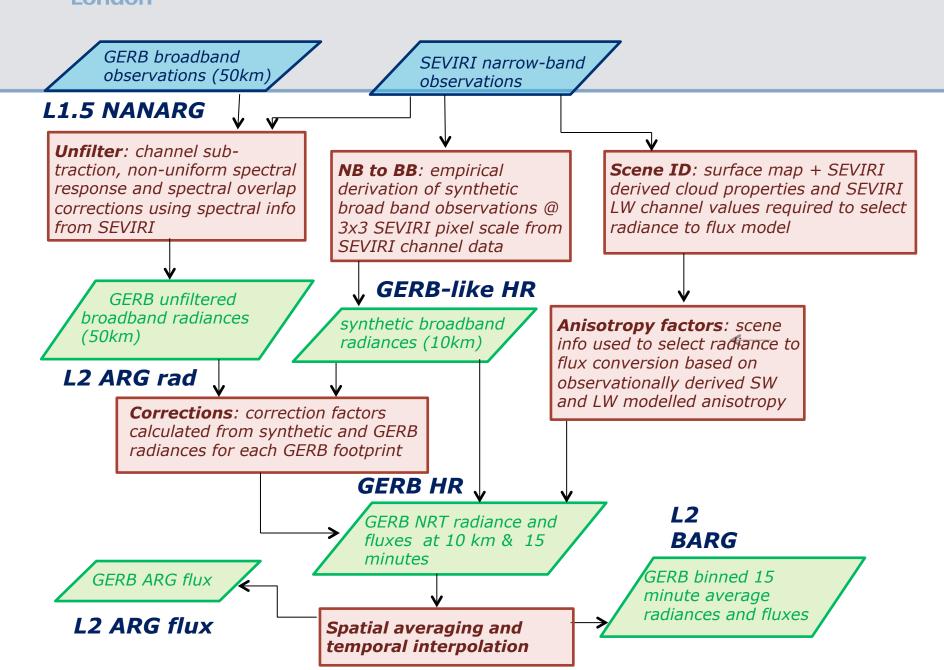
unfiltered reflected solar & emitted thermal radiances and fluxes interpolated to regular fixed grid, 3 scan average ~50km resolution @ nadir 3 scan average (PSF effect not removed) available http://badc.nerc.ac.uk quality summary available

L2.0: Binned Averaged Rectified Geolocated (BARG)

unfiltered gridded reflected solar and emitted thermal radiances and fluxes 15 minute uniform average on regular grid 45km @ nadir Ed 1 includes fill values for glint and twilight (currently being processed) Ed 1 will be released http://badc.nerc.ac.uk
NRT without fill values available http://gerb.oma.be without quality summary

L2.0: High Resolution (HR)

Resolution enhanced gridded SW & LW radiances & fluxes 15 minute snapshot at SEVIRI acquisition time 10km (3x3 SEVIRI pixels) sub satellite available from http://gerb.oma.be



Status summary

- GERB 2 (METEOSAT-8):
 - Launched 2002, Operational instrument Feb 2004 May 2007 @ 3.5 West
 - Current position 3.5 East
 - Satellite sun sensor issue → good data only possible Nov. Feb.
- GERB 1 (METEOSAT-9):
 - Launched late 2005, Operational instrument May 2007 Jan 2013 @ 0 deg
 - Current position 9.5 East
 - Since Jan 2012 continues data acquisition; processing changes needed to produce L2
- GERB 3 (METEOSAT-10):
 - Launched 2012, Operational instrument Jan 2013 present 27th April 2013 @ 0 deg
 - Current position 0 deg
 - Mirror failed to restart after anomaly (issue remains open)
- GERB 4 (METEOSAT-11):
 - Expected launch date July 2015, to be followed by in orbit storage period.
 - Returned to RAL for modification after integration tests failure late 2013
 - Successfully re-integrated on satellite in Cannes last month



2012

Geostationary Satellite Status

Meteosat Long-Term Planning Perspective 2011 Met-11 drift start Met-10 drift start) MSG-3 Launch • MTG-I1 Launch • MSG-4 Launch Met-9 Met-10 drift start Met-9 drift start Met-11 drift stop Met-10 drift stop 3.5°E (tbc) Met-8 at 3° inclination Met-10 Met-8 Met-9 RSS stop/Drift start Met-10 drift stop/RSS stan Met-8 57.5ºE Met-7 Met-8 takes over IODC 63º€ Met-9 takes over IODC Met-8 RSS stop/Drift start Met-8 at 5° NS inclination Met-9 drift stop/RSS star Met-7 disposal 67.5°E

- MET-9 (MSG-2/GERB1)
- •Operational satellite until mid Jan 2013
- •Moved from 0° to 9.5°E 18th Jan 5th Feb 2013
- SEVIRI performing RSS
- •MET-10 (MSG-3/GERB3)
 - Operational satellite since mid Jan 2013
 - •Satellite move from 3.4°W to 0° 15th 23rd Jan
 - •SEVIRI FSS

2017

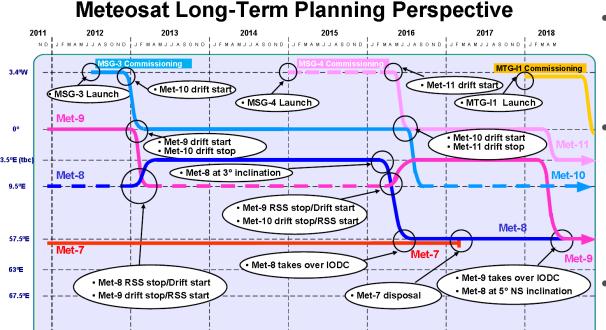
- MET-11 (MSG-4/GERB4)
- Launch date planned for mid-late 2015
- In-orbit storage period after brief commissioning
- MET-8 (MSG-1/GERB2)
 - •Moved from 9.5°E to 3.5°E 1st 12th Feb 2013
 - •Option to move to 57°E in 2016 is TBD

GERB Status

2012

2013

2014



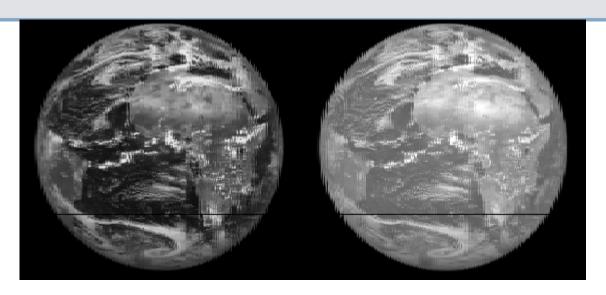
2017

- MET-9 (MSG-2/GERB1)
 - •GERB 1 operating in NORMAL mode
- No processing to level 2 due to lack of co-incident SEVIRI
- MET-10 (MSG-3/GERB3)
 - •GERB 3 operated in NORMAL mode Nov 2012 to 14th Feb 2013 before eclipse period
 - •Restarted April 24th, unrecovered mirror stopping April 27th
- MET-11 (MSG-4/GERB4)
- •GERB integrated on spacecraft at Cannes
- MET-8 (MSG-1/GERB2)
- •GERB operation limited by use of Earth sensor
- Sun sensor available during some months, post GSAG EUMETSAT have agreed to use this sensor when possible so GERB operation is feasible during these periods

GERB 2 & GERB 1 operational record

- GERB 2 Edition record 24th Feb 2004 10th May 2007
 - Calibration update (x0.974) due to updated ground source calibration should be applied by users to SW fluxes and radiances
- GERB 1 Edition record 1st May 2007 to 13th Jan 2013
 - Offset between GERB 1 and GERB 2 calibration at point of change documented but uncorrected in Edition 1 data
- Edition 1 archive currently ARG data, filled BARG & HR data currently being processed and will be added as available.
- Edition 1 uses fixed spectral response → reduction in SW signal due to loss of SW response present in these data to be addressed in Ed 2.

GERB 2 current status



Recent operations have reenabled redundant communication circuit, mitigating de-orbit failure risk.

Lobby via council may be required to move over Indian ocean after 2015 – decision to be made soon

- Instrument itself working nominally
- Satellite Sun-sensor which provides pointing information is seasonally obscured
- Until this year EUMETSAT has been using the nosier Earth sensor at all times and processing SEVIRI observations with adapted processing, so no usable GERB 2 data since Feb 2012
- This year EUMETSAT have agreed to return to use of sun sensor when available, will obtain GERB 2 data November 2014 – Feb 2015.

GERB 1 current status

- Continues to obtain Level 1.5 data and is generally operating well
- Moved to 9.5 E in Jan 2013.
- No coincident imager data from this METEOSAT since Feb 2013
- Changes to the processing required to produce level 2 data to be addressed in the future.

GERB 3

- Successfully commissioned and early results indicated improved pointing accuracy compared to previous instruments
- First mirror stopping event on Feb 4th 2013, instrument required a power cycle to recover
 - New mirror control system understood to 'require more intervention when obstructed'
 - Restarted easily and runs well subsequently
- Placed in SAFE for first eclipse period
- Restarted well April 24th, but suffered a second mirror stopping event 27th April
- Mirror failed to restart after a power cycle
 - Subsequent attempts to start have so far failed
 - Root cause analysis implicates bearing debris as initial cause of stopping
 - System tests at RAL indicate a control system weakness at start-up after a power cycle likely contributing to failure to recover
 - Some further tests are planned before it can be determined if the situation is unrecoverable, timetable currently being agreed with EUMETSAT.

GERB 4

- Failed integration tests at CANNES
 - Mirror failed to rotate when commanded although not obstructed
- Integration fail and GERB 3 mirror anomaly initiated GERB 4 mod
 - Mirror control system update
 - » Separate start-up circuit independent of position information installed
 - » Additional controls to retain responsively in the case of large disruptions
 - » Selectable (50% and 100%) levels to limit maximum torque available
- Returned to CANNES and successfully re-integrated on satellite Sept 2014
- Launch planned July 2015
- Short commissioning period followed by in-orbit storage.

Current situation summary

- METOESAT-10 SEVIRI
 - the current operational instrument performing Full Earth Scanning from 0°
- GERB 3 (METEOSAT-10 at 0°)
 - NOMAL operation and level 2 fluxes November 2012 mid Feb 2013 & April 24-27th 2013 only
 - Pending final statement on recovery
- GERB 1 (METEOSAT-9 at 9.5°E)
 - Edition flux record stops mid Jan 2013
 - GERB 1 level 2 fluxes produced up to mid Feb 2013
 - GERB 1 NORMAL operation and level 1.5 ongoing
- GERB 2 (METEOSAT-8 at 3.5°E)
 - Can be operated but no useable image quality if Sun Sensor not used
 - Will be operated on Sun sensor November 2014 Feb 2015
- GERB 4 (MSG-4 on ground)
 - Modifications to control circuit completed
 - Limited commissioning expected 2015 at 3.4°W
 - NORMAL mode data November December 2015 ?
 - Unknown period in storage until operational